

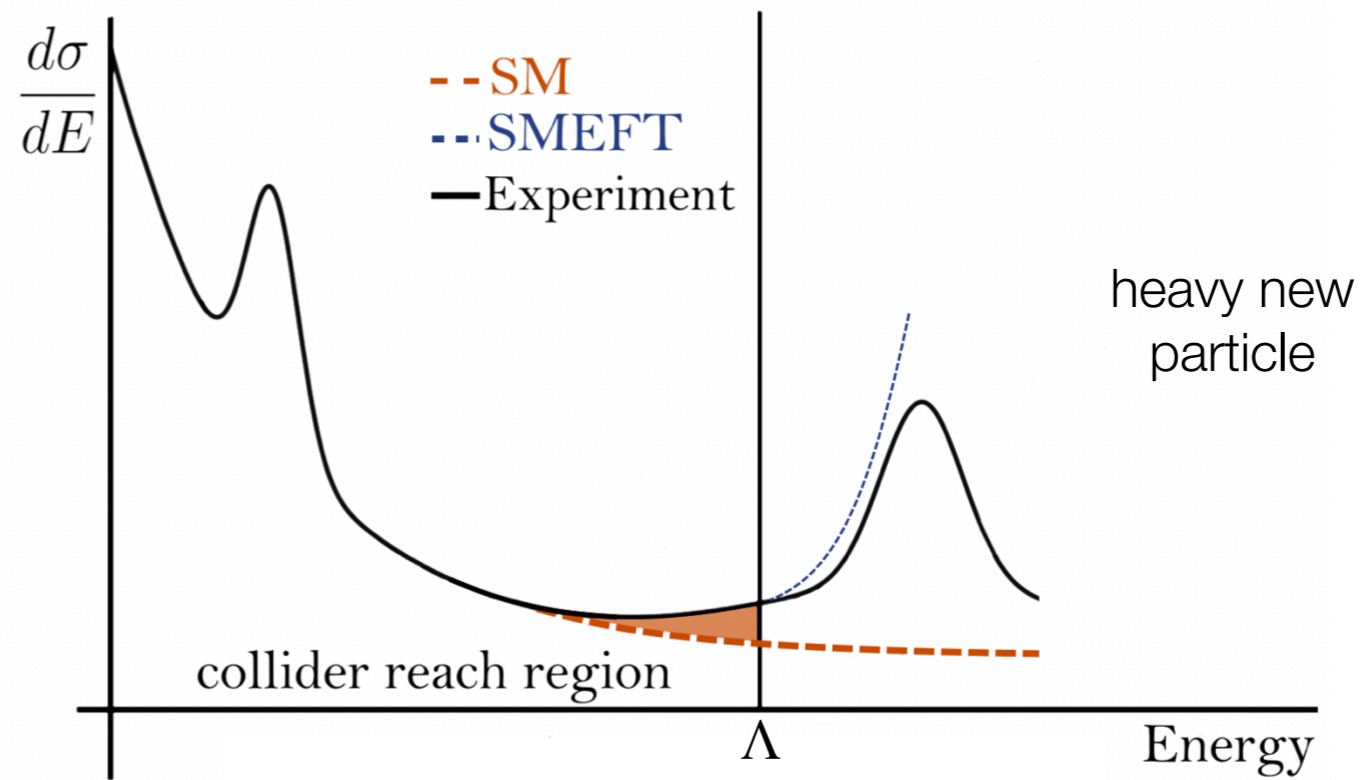
Diboson production and impact on global fits

FCC UK Meeting
Queen Mary University of London, London, UK
29 November 2023

Eugenia Celada
University of Manchester

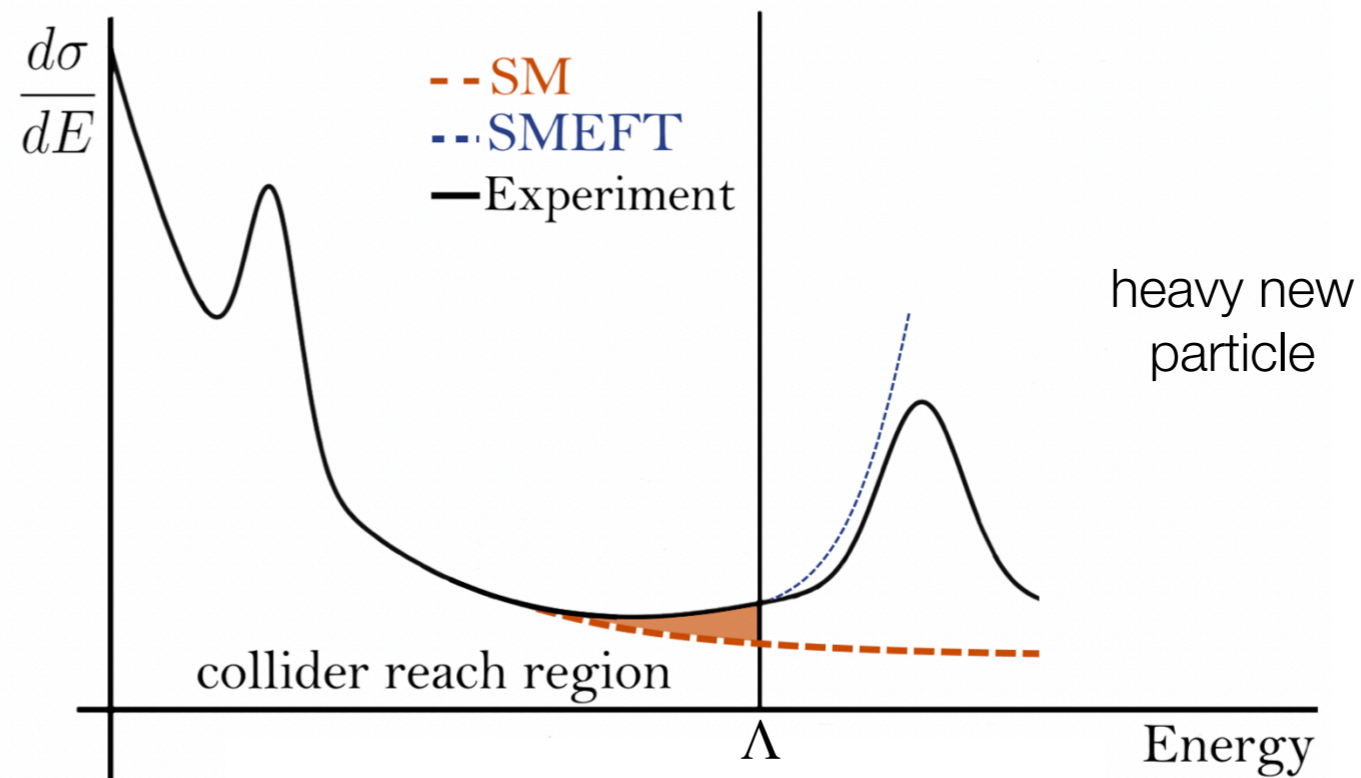


The SMEFT



Original fig. by C. Severi, M. Thomas, E. Vryonidou

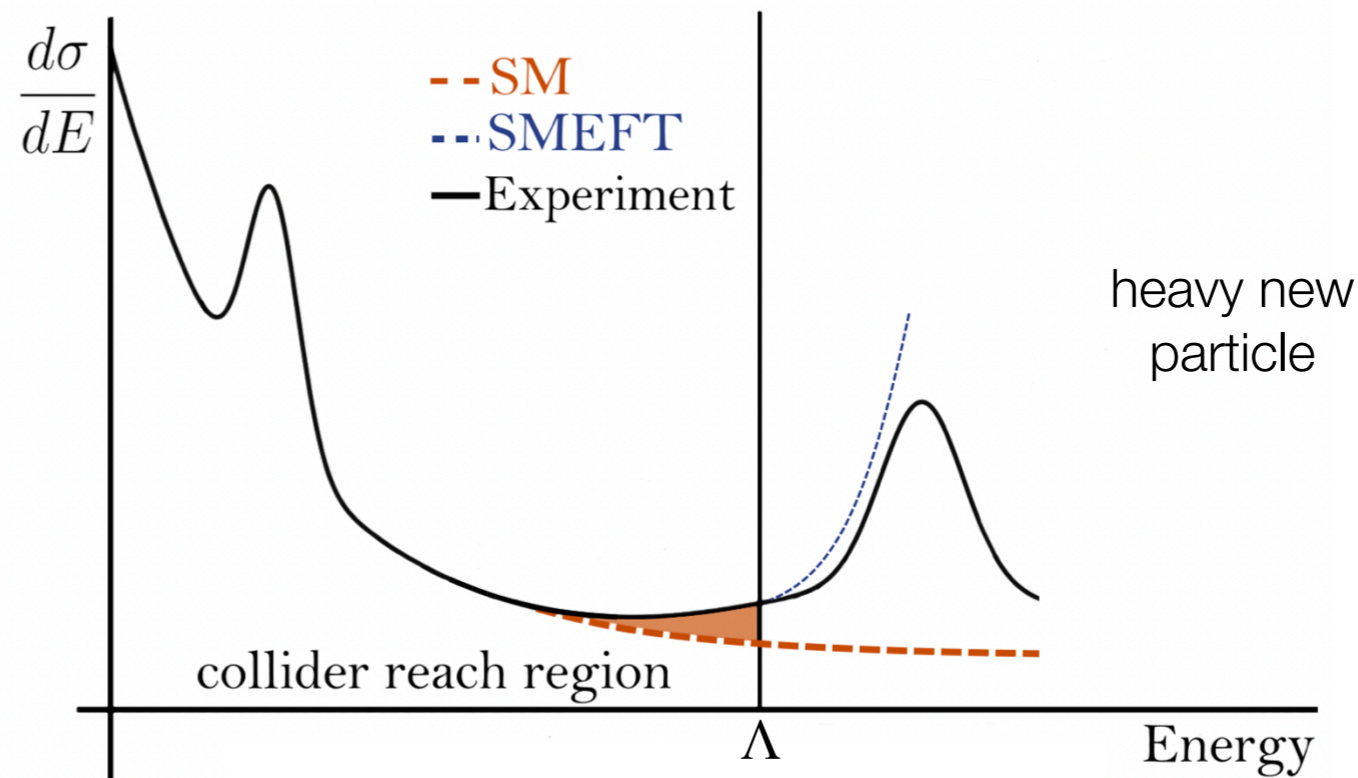
The SMEFT



Original fig. by C. Severi, M. Thomas, E. Vryonidou

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}} = \sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^{d-4}} \mathcal{O}_i^{(d)} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{(4)} + \sum_i \frac{c_i^{(5)}}{\Lambda} \mathcal{O}_i^{(5)} + \sum_i \frac{c_i^{(6)}}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i^{(6)} + \dots \quad \text{SM fields and symmetries}$$

The SMEFT

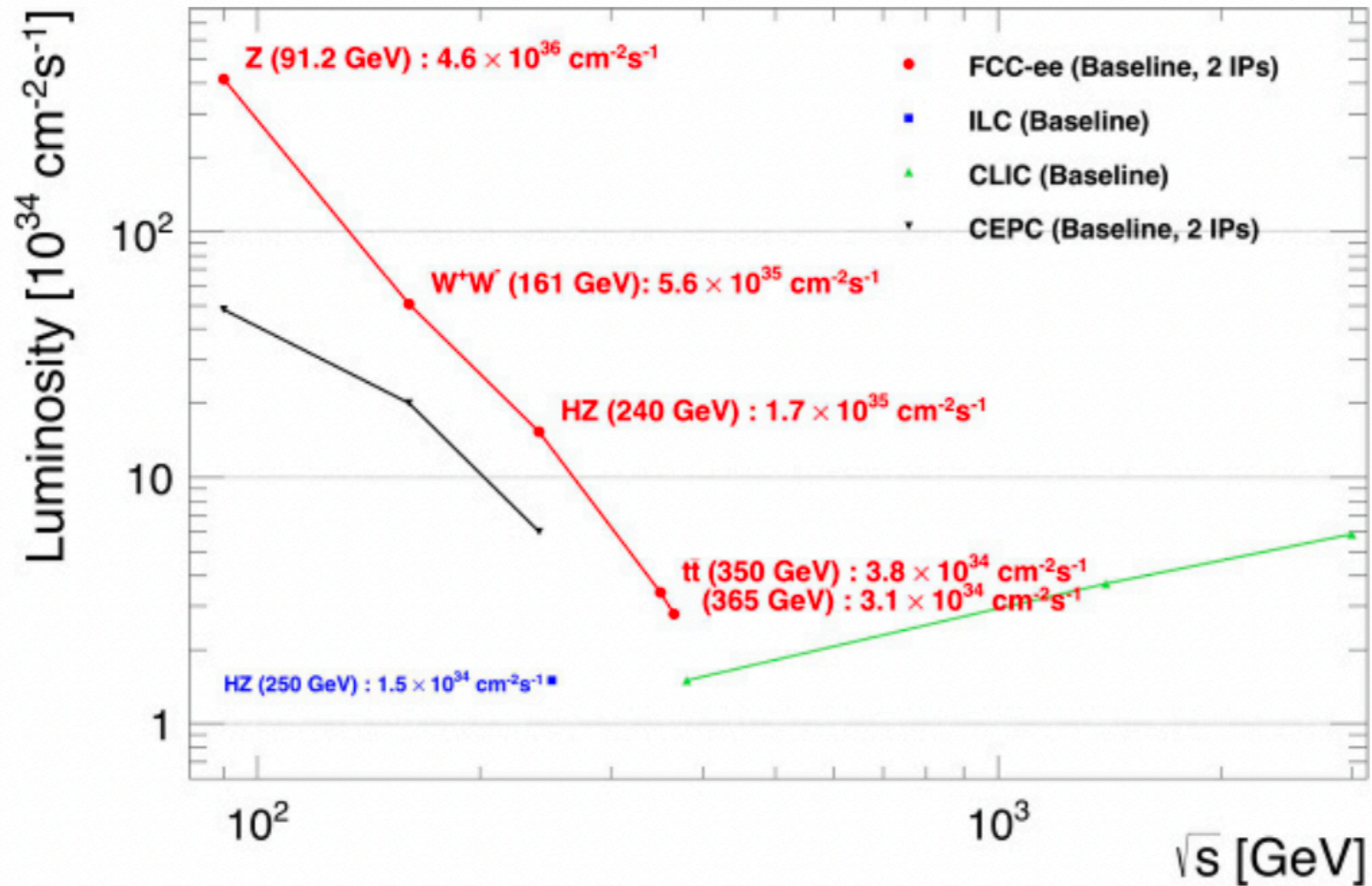


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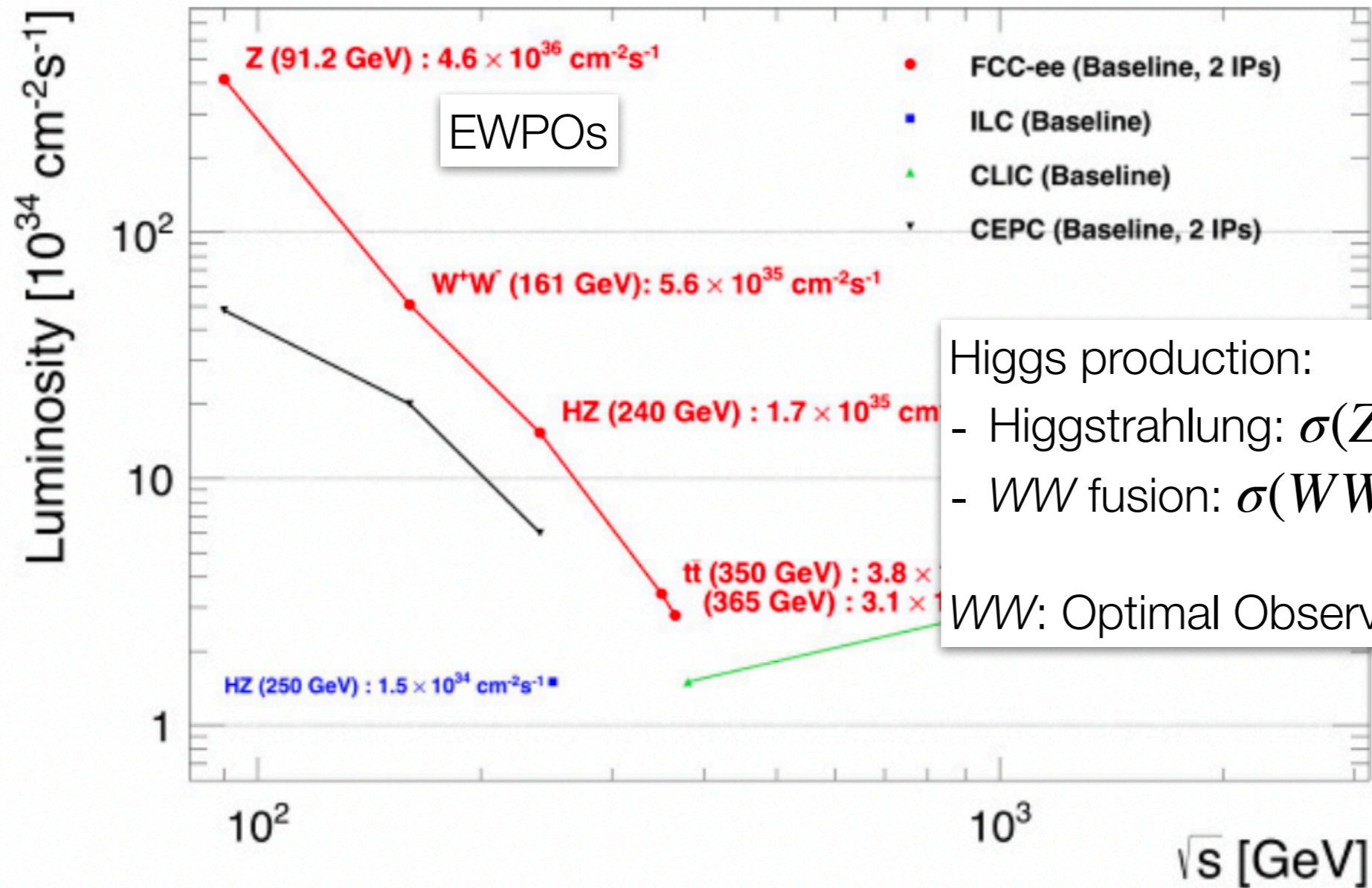
Ultimate goal: bounds on Wilson coefficients \longrightarrow constraints on UV models

Higgs and EW physics at FCC-ee



FCC-ee design report [e2019-900045-4]

Higgs and EW physics at FCC-ee



Higgs production:

- Higgstrahlung: $\sigma(ZH)$, $\sigma(ZH) \times BR(H)$
- WW fusion: $\sigma(WW \rightarrow H) \times BR(H)$

WW: Optimal Observables

Diboson in SMEFT

Why diboson?

- probe of gauge bosons self-interaction
- interplay with the Higgs sector

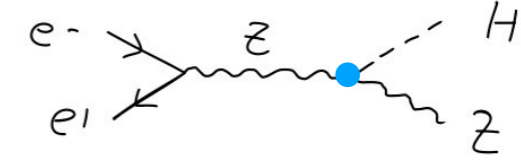
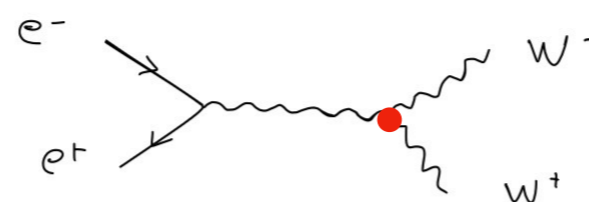
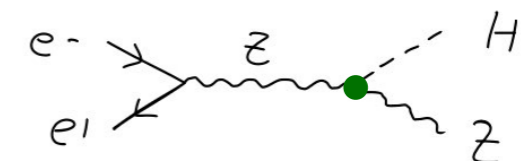
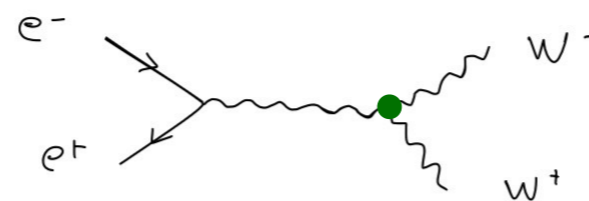
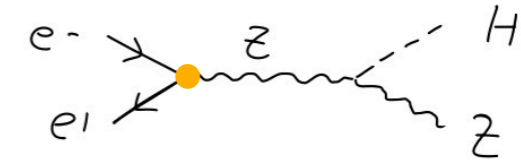
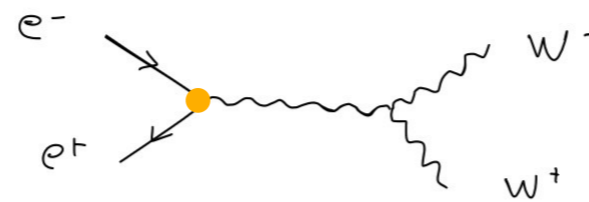
Warsaw basis

Operator	Definition
bosonic	
$\mathcal{O}_{\phi B}$	$(\phi^\dagger \phi) B^{\mu\nu} B_{\mu\nu}$
$\mathcal{O}_{\phi W}$	$(\phi^\dagger \phi) W_I^{\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^I$
$\mathcal{O}_{\phi WB}$	$(\phi^\dagger \tau_I \phi) B^{\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^I$
$\mathcal{O}_{\phi d}$	$\partial_\mu (\phi^\dagger \phi) \partial^\mu (\phi^\dagger \phi)$
$\mathcal{O}_{\phi D}$	$(\phi^\dagger D^\mu \phi)^\dagger (\phi^\dagger D_\mu \phi)$
\mathcal{O}_{WWW}	$\epsilon_{IJK} W_{\mu\nu}^I W^{J,\nu\rho} W_\rho^{K,\mu}$
two-fermion	
$\mathcal{O}_{\phi l_i}^{(1)}$	$i(\phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \phi)(\bar{l}_i \gamma^\mu l_i)$
$\mathcal{O}_{\phi l_i}^{(3)}$	$i(\phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \tau_I \phi)(\bar{l}_i \gamma^\mu \tau^I l_i)$
$\mathcal{O}_{\phi e}$	$i(\phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \phi)(\bar{e} \gamma^\mu e)$
four-fermion	
\mathcal{O}_{ll}	$(\bar{l}_1 \gamma_\mu l_2)(\bar{l}_2 \gamma^\mu l_1)$

EWPOs : $\mathcal{O}_{\phi D}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi WB}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi l_1}^{(1)}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi l_1}^{(3)}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi l_2}^{(3)}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi e}, \mathcal{O}_{ll}$

$W^- W^+$: $\mathcal{O}_{\phi D}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi WB}, \mathcal{O}_{WWW}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi l_1}^{(1)}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi l_1}^{(3)}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi l_2}^{(3)}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi e}, \mathcal{O}_{ll}$

ZH : $\mathcal{O}_{\phi D}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi WB}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi d}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi W}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi B}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi l_1}^{(1)}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi l_1}^{(3)}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi l_2}^{(3)}, \mathcal{O}_{\phi e}, \mathcal{O}_{ll}$



Higgstrahlung

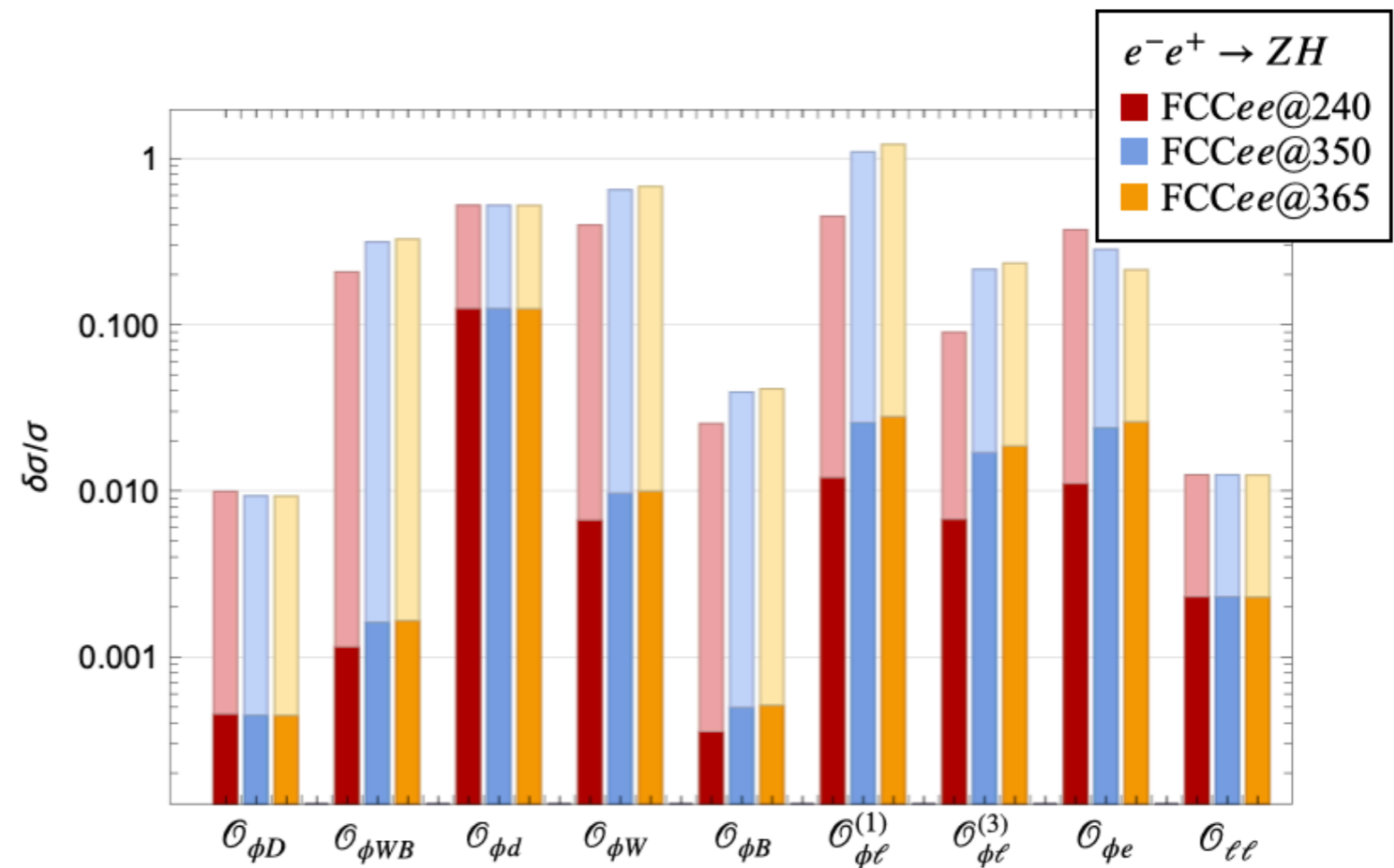
- $e^-e^+ \rightarrow ZH$
- fully inclusive cross-section $\sigma(ZH)$ is possible thanks to recoil mass techniques

Expected uncertainty $\sim 0.5\%$

Current bounds from fitmaker:

J. Ellis et al. [2012.02779]

■ ■ ■ individual
■ ■ ■ marginalised



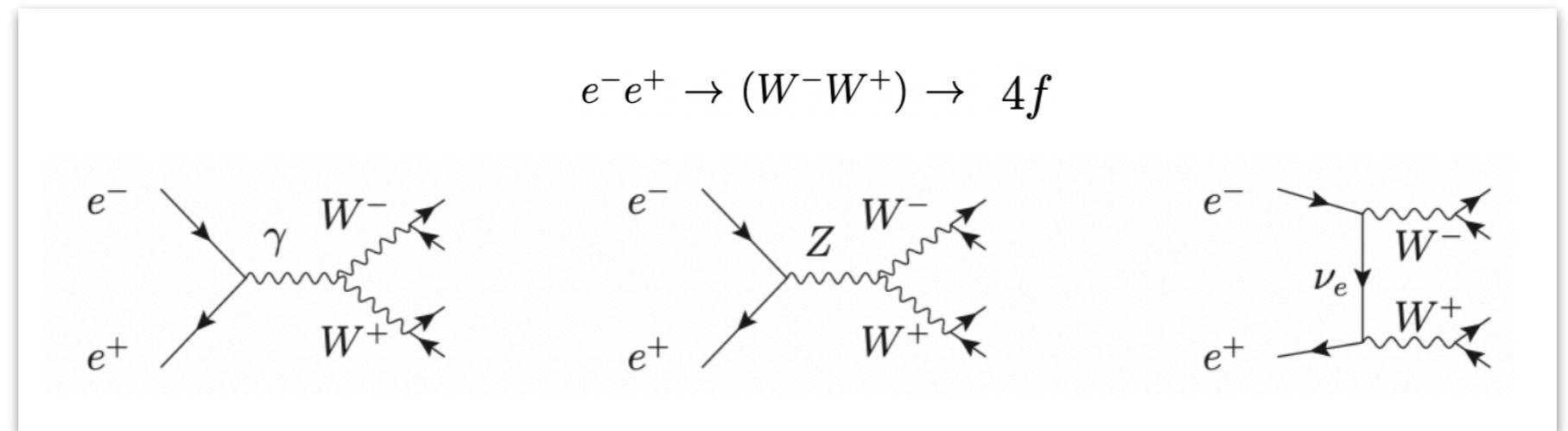
EC et al, in preparation

Expected significant improvement on current bounds

WW with Optimal Observables

Doubly resonant 4 fermion production

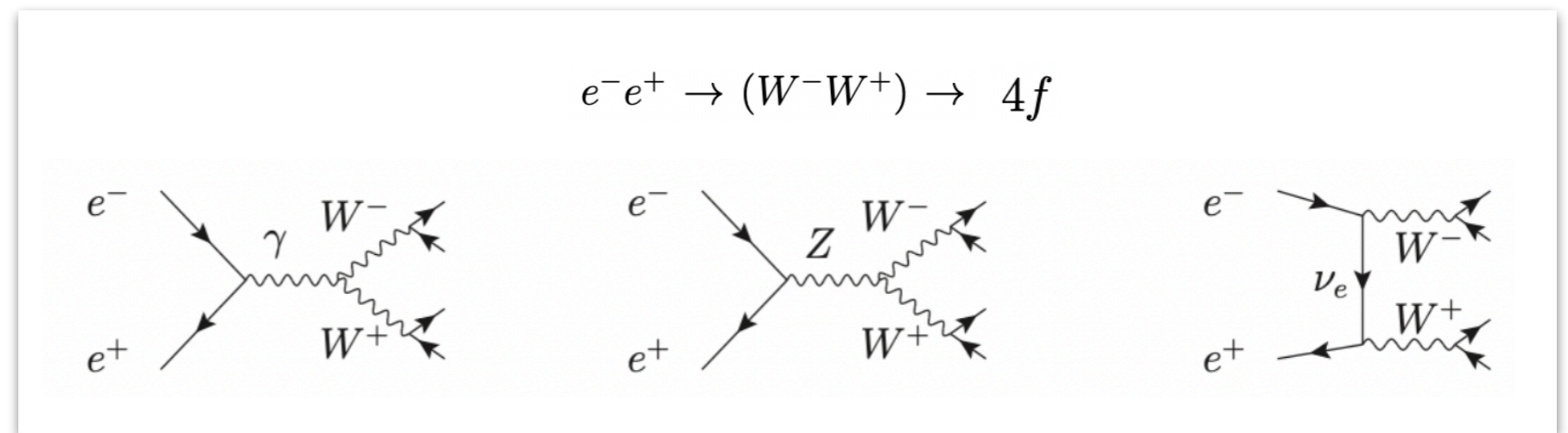
- fully leptonic
- semileptonic
- hadronic



WW with Optimal Observables

Doubly resonant 4 fermion production

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ASSUMPTIONS

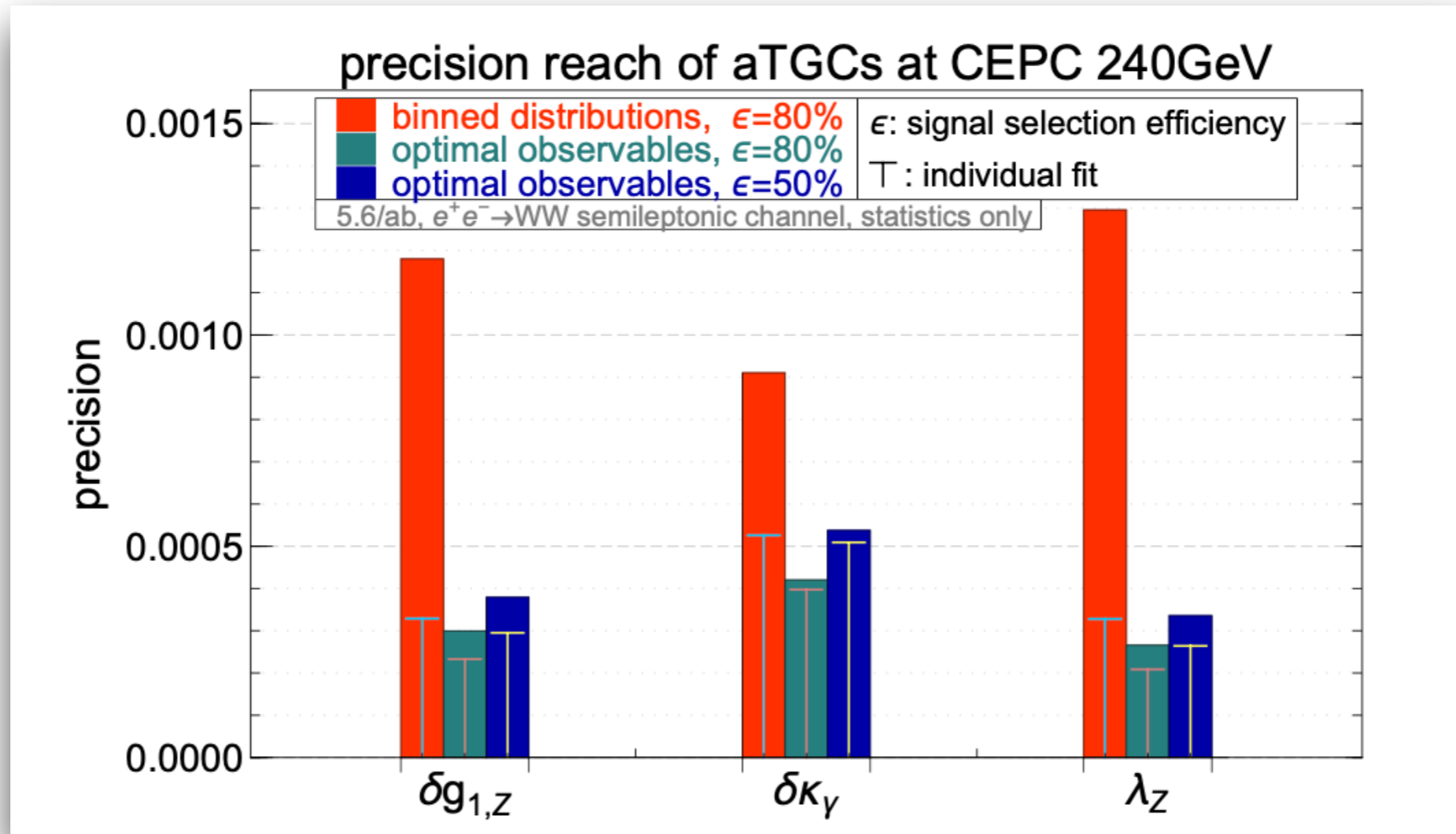
- linear dependence over WCs
- systematics is negligible



we can define **Optimal Observables**

- retain all the differential information
- maximal sensitivity to the Wilson coefficients

WW with Optimal Observables



J. de Blas et al. [1907.04311]

Optimal Observables

- Consider a differential distribution

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Phi} = S_0(\Phi) + \sum_i c_i S_i(\Phi) \equiv S(\Phi)$$

\swarrow SM \downarrow set of m WCs \searrow linear contribution

- The Optimal Observables are defined as

n events $n = \mathcal{L}\sigma$

n sets of kinematic variables Φ_1, \dots, Φ_n

$$O_i = \frac{1}{n} \sum_k \frac{S_i(\Phi_k)}{S_0(\Phi_k)} \sim \text{signal / background}$$

M. Diehl and O. Nachtmann [9402271]

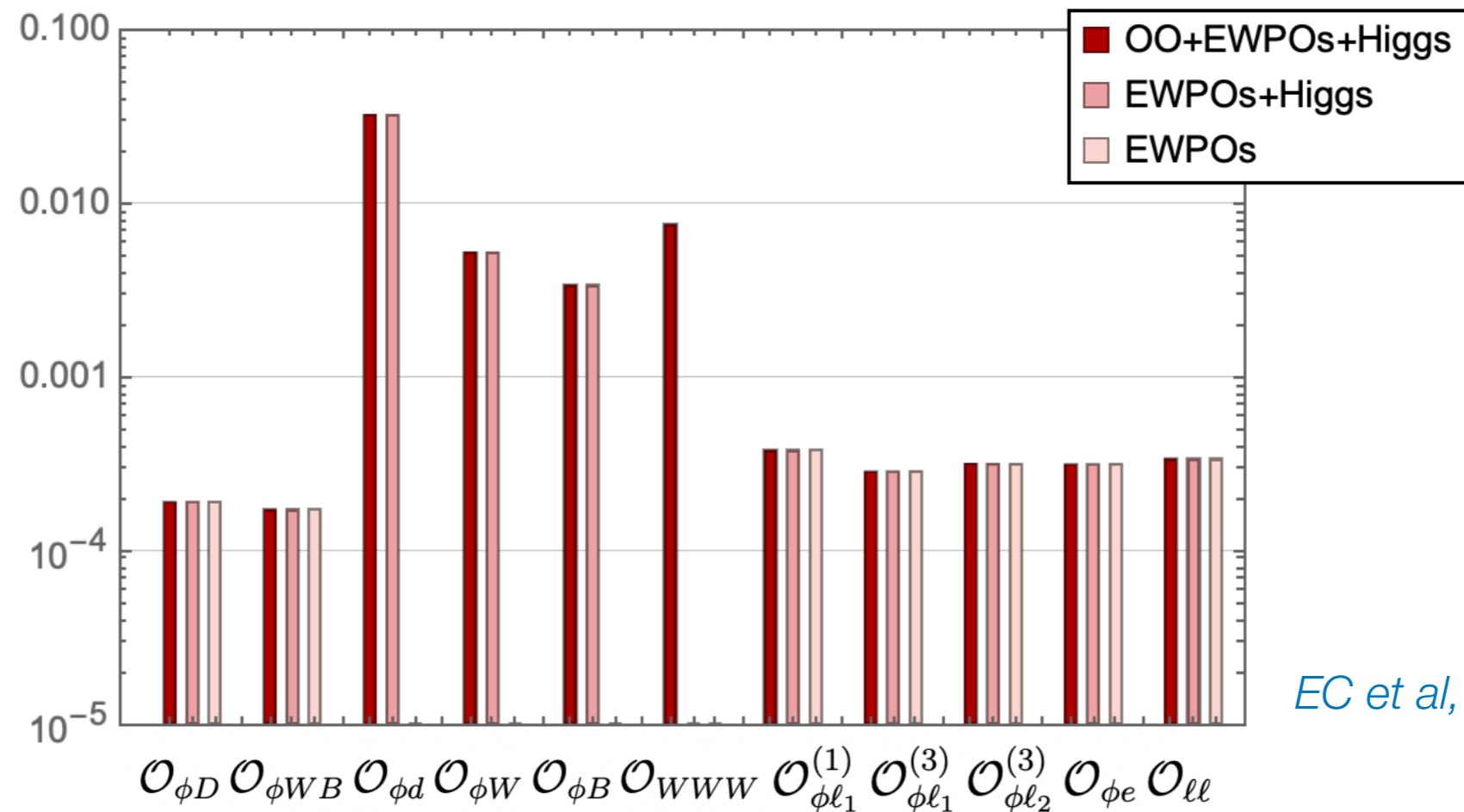
- The χ^2 is defined as

$$\chi^2 = \sum_i \sum_j (E[O_i] - O_i^{\text{meas}}) \text{cov}(O_i, O_j)^{-1} (E[O_j] - O_j^{\text{meas}})$$

\swarrow theoretical \searrow experimental

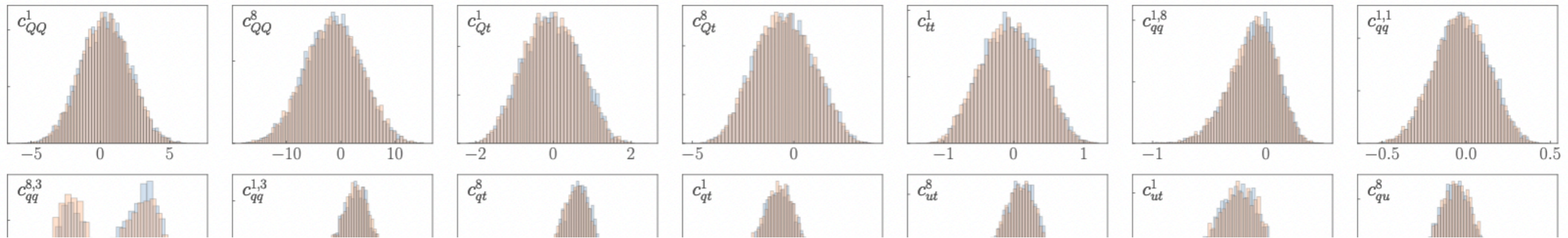
Results

- EWPOs at Z-pole
- Higgs: $\sigma(ZH)$, $\sigma(ZH) \times BR(H)$, $\sigma(WW \rightarrow H) \times BR(H)$ at $\sqrt{s} = 240, 365$ GeV
- Optimal Observables: $e^-e^+ \rightarrow W^-W^+ \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ at $\sqrt{s} = 240, 365$ GeV
- 95%CL individual bounds
- projected uncertainties from [Snowmass '21 \[2206.08326\]](#)
- linear LO SMEFT $\mathcal{O}(\Lambda^{-2})$



EC et al, in preparation

Global fits with MEFiT



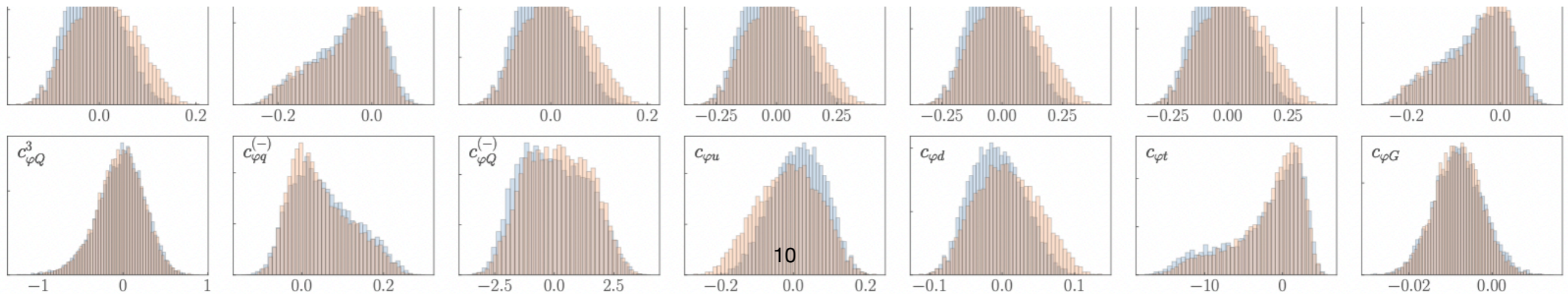
- open source python package for global SMEFT fits

T. Giani, G. Magni, J. Rojo [2302.06660]

- large HEP dataset (LHC Run I and II, LEP EWPOs)

- soon will support future collider projections (HL-LHC, FCC-ee)

SMEFIT collab., '24



Thank you!