

Resource Reservation with OpenStack Blazar

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Resource sharing is hard

- “I need 100 VMs next week for project X, but our cloud is almost full. Can anyone terminate some non-critical instances?”
- “We have a few nodes with interesting hardware (GPUs, FPGAs), how can users take turn using it?”
- “How can I make sure resources will be available at the same time I am experimenting on instrument X?”
- Existing solutions such as quotas are limited
 - Admin-defined
 - Hard to dynamically adapt to changing user requirements
 - No concept of time: quota applies from now until next quota update

What is Blazar?

- **Blazar provides Reservation as a Service**
- Created in 2013 under the name Climate
- Revived at the Barcelona Summit in 2016
- Official project since September 2017 (Queens release cycle)
- Supports reservation of:
 - compute resources: whole hosts and individual instances
 - network resources: floating IPs, network segments in the next release
- Guarantees resource availability for a future event
- 21 commit authors and 30+ reviewers in the OpenStack Stein release cycle



BLAZAR
an OpenStack Community Project

Use cases

- Chameleon project (<http://www.chameleoncloud.org>)
 - Large-scale testbed for computer science research
 - Blazar guarantees resource availability for experiments
- OPNFV Promise project (<https://wiki.opnfv.org/display/promise/Promise>)
 - Resource reservation and management project for quality of network services
 - Blazar guarantees resource availability for VNF deployments



How does Blazar work?

Terminology

- *Reservation*: allocation of specific cloud resources, of the same resource type
- *Lease*: group of reservations granted to a project for a specific time period. Leases are characterized by start time, end time, set of individual reservations and associated events.

Supported reservation types

- Physical host reservation: allocates one or several physical hosts (hypervisors) to each reservation. Users can then launch instances on the reserved hosts until full capacity is reached. A host **cannot** be used by multiple reservations at the same time.
- Instance reservation: allocates enough capacity on reservable hosts to launch a number of instances. A host **can** be used by multiple reservations at the same time.
- Floating IP reservation: allocates one or several floating IPs for the duration of the reservation.

How does Blazar work?

Reservation of compute resources

- Admins add compute host(s) to be managed by Blazar:

```
$ blazar host-create test_host -> A new Resource Provider is created in Placement
```

```
$ blazar host-list
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | hypervisor_hostname | vcpus | memory_mb | local_gb |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | test_host | 4 | 8191 | 79 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

```
$ openstack resource provider list
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+
| uuid | name | generation |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 4863b5a1-aeae-47ea-98a9-57af2d93be00 | test_host | 3 |
| d7d2bdb1-ef62-4e8d-ac0e-0074640d0ea5 | blazar_test_host | 0 |
+-----+-----+-----+
```

How does Blazar work?

Instance reservation

- Reserve a number of instances with specific flavor sizing:

```
$ blazar lease-create --reservation resource_type=virtual:instance  
,vcpus=1,memory_mb=1024,disk_gb=20  
,amount=2,affinity=True test_lease
```

-> Blazar creates a custom flavor for users to launch instances

```
$ blazar lease-list
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| id    | name          | start_date          | end_date            |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| xxxx  | test_lease    | 2019-05-07T10:31:00.000000 | 2019-05-08T10:31:00.000000 |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

```
$ openstack flavor list --private
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| ID    | Name          | RAM  | Disk | Ephemeral | VCPUs | Is Public |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| yy    | reservation:zzz | 1024 | 20   | 0         | 1     | False     |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

```
$ openstack server create [...] --flavor reservation:zzz test_instance
```

How does Blazar work?

Host reservation

- Reserve a number of hosts, optionally with specific attributes:

```
$ blazar lease-create --physical-reservation min=2,max=4,  
resource_properties='["=", "$node_type", "compute_skylake"]' test_lease
```

-> Blazar creates a host aggregate for the reserved hosts

```
$ blazar lease-list
```

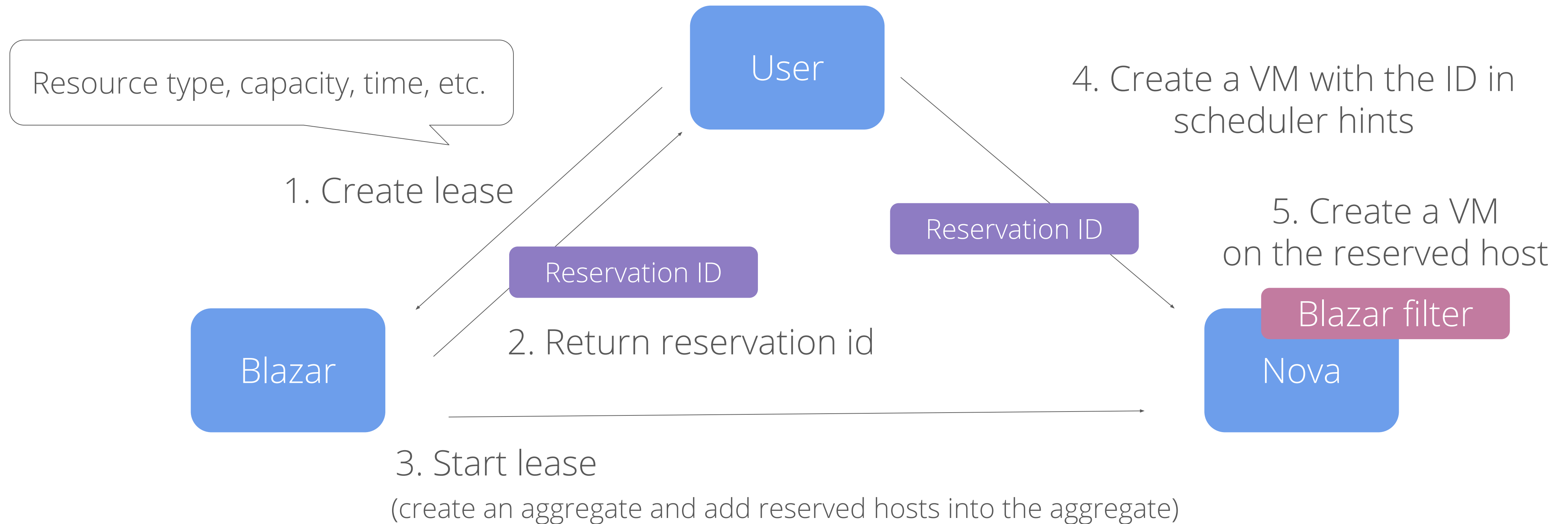
id	name	start_date	end_date
xxxx	test_lease	2019-05-07T10:31:00.000000	2019-05-08T10:31:00.000000

```
$ blazar lease-show test_lease
```

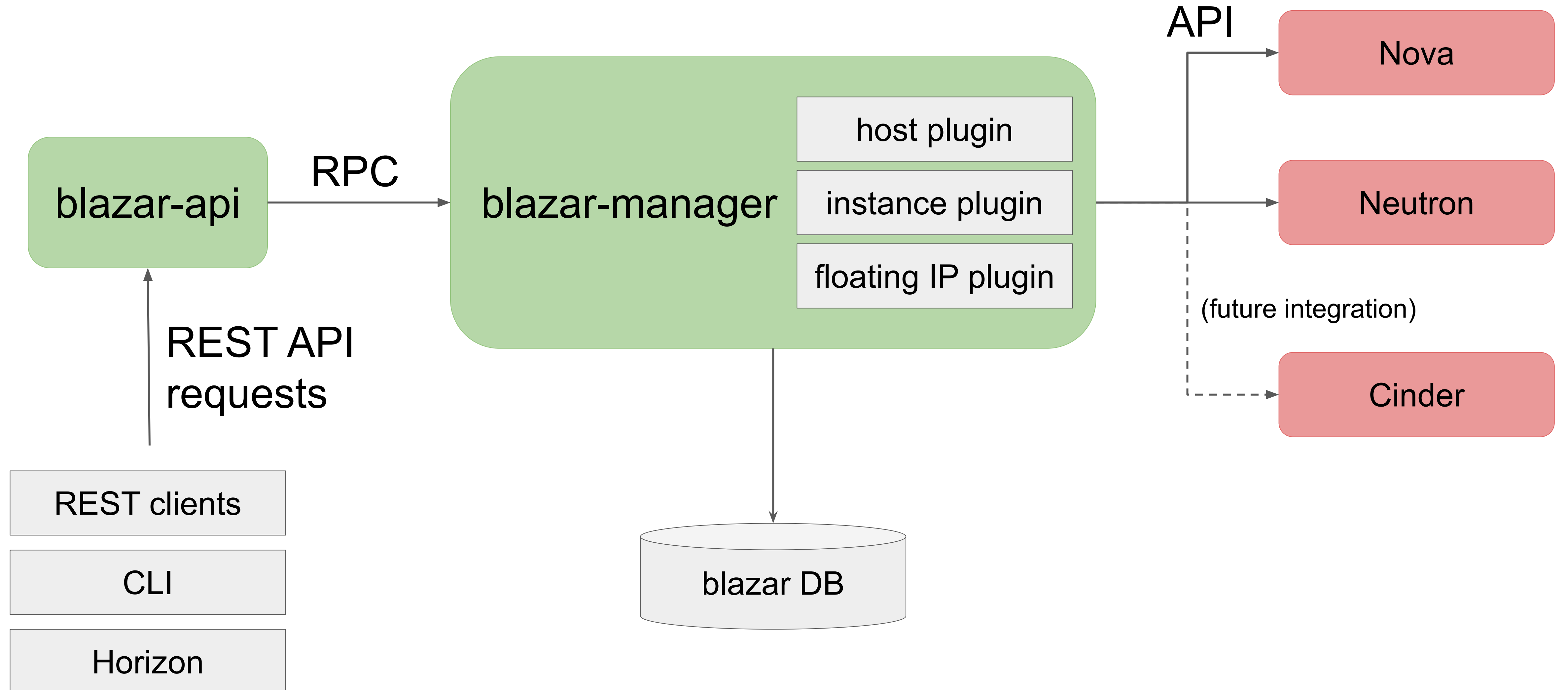
-> Blazar provides reservation IDs

```
$ openstack server create [...] --hint reservation=zzz test_instance
```


Flow of reservation and lease (host reservation)



Architecture



Limitations

- **No integration with quotas (yet)**
 - Users can reserve more compute resources than allowed by their quota
- **Incompatible with bare-metal compute nodes (yet)**
 - Bare-metal nodes from Ironic cannot be managed by Blazar without patches
 - Chameleon uses a patched Nova which changes the behaviour of host aggregates
 - Work in progress for integration with standalone Ironic (no Nova)
- **Reservable resource pool separate from other resources**
 - Can lead to under-utilisation of the reservable resource pool
 - Planning to integrate with preemptible instances to increase utilisation
- **Calendar not yet upstream**
 - API implemented in Stein release cycle
 - Goal is to push calendar upstream in the current release cycle (Train)
- **Centralised service**
 - No high-availability

Demo

Create Lease

Please be courteous to other users of the testbed and make sure your lease represents a responsible use of Chameleon resources and complies with our [best practices](#). Chameleon operators reserve the right to terminate leases judged to be abusive.

Lease Name *

For leases shorter than 24 hours, use a lease length of zero days.

Start Date ?

Lease Length (days) ?

Ends ?

Start Time ?

End Time ?

Physical Hosts

Reserve Physical Host

For specific node reservations, you can find the node UUID using [Resource Discovery](#) on the user portal.

Minimum Number of Hosts ?

Maximum Number of Hosts ?

Resource Properties ?

- node_type
- compute_haswell

Add Filter

Network

Reserve Network

Network Name ?

Network Description ?

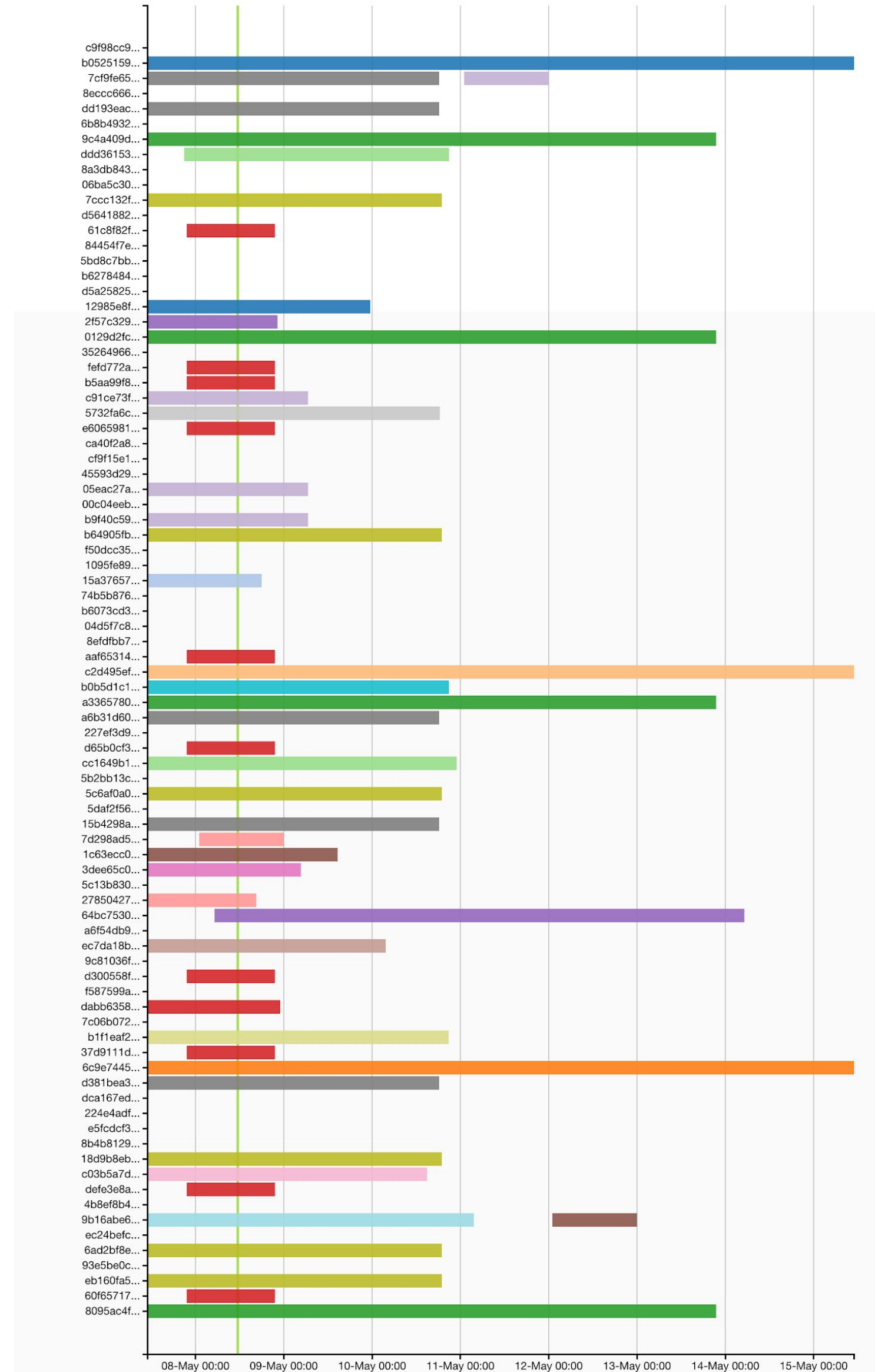
Number of Floating IP Addresses Needed ?

Cancel

Create

Host Calendar

1d 1w 1m Start 05/07/2019 11 :00 End 05/15/2019 11 :00 Node Type Haswell Compute Node



Thanks!

Q&A